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at slightly above 60°. I have seen a portion of Trelease's collection in the herbarium of the New York Botanical Garden, a portion of that of Macoun was kindly given me by Warnstorf. That the species has not yet been found in Greenland is remarkable. In Europe and Asia it is not altogether uncommon in the proximity of the Arctic Circle, the only locality at less than 60° north latitude being a somewhat isolated station discovered by Russow at Kasperwiek in Esthonia (Russia),<sup>1</sup> and this apparently only between the 59th and 60th parallels. Its distribution in Scandinavia is admirably shown by Dusen's map.<sup>2</sup> During the summer of 1912 I was so fortunate as to find the species in Norway and at the same time to somewhat extend its range of known distribution in that country. It was noted in several tufts on the mountain side near the Hotel Vatnahalsen, a short distance from the station Myrdal on the railroad Kristiania-Bergen, and specimens taken as a record. This station is in approximately 60° 30' north latitude, the most southerly in Norway hitherto having been in the Gudbrandsdal at about 61° 50' north latitude, an extension then of over a degree of latitude. It is also remarkable as being on the western side of the Norwegian watershed or divide, the species in Norway seeming to avoid the proximity of the Atlantic Ocean.

*(Concluded in September Number)*

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## NINTH PUBLIC MEETING OF THE SULLIVANT MOSS SOCIETY

According to the announcement in the May BRYOLOGIST our Society was the guest of the Brooklyn Botanic Garden and the Central Museum on Saturday, May 24th. The weather was somewhat uncertain, but the real business of the day was not interfered with by the showers which fell at intervals.

Miss Susan Hutchinson, Librarian of the Central Museum, placed the Periodical Room at our service for the day, arranged for our inspection rare and interesting books, and made a most delightful hostess. The first item on our program was given by Dr. Grout, in the Assembly Hall of the Museum Building, it being an abridgment of his "Lantern Talk on the Mosses." After this was over we adjourned to the cosy Library Room and Dr. Evans, taking the chair, presented in brief two papers, one by Miss Caroline Coventry Haynes "The First Supplement to the Sullivant Moss Society Exchange List of Hepaticae of United States and Canada," and the other "New and Interesting Lichens from the State of Washington" by Mr. G. K. Merrill. This was followed by a paper by Dr. Otto E. Jennings on "Notes on the Mosses of Western Pennsylvania," read by Mrs. Annie Morrill Smith. Mr. Edward B. Chamberlain followed, reading a paper by Miss Annie Lorenz on "Notes on Maine Hepaticae and a comparison with the Sarekgebirge Hepaticae."

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<sup>1</sup> Cf. Russow, Zur Kenntn. d. Subsec. u. Cymbif. Gr. europ. Torfm. 136. 1894.

<sup>2</sup> Om Sphagnaceernas Utbredning i Skandinavien. 1887.

Our sixth item was to have been a paper by Dr. George H. Conklin, but as no manuscript had come to hand, nor any explanation, it was omitted! The next morning's mail brought a night-telegraph letter, containing "congratulations and best wishes for all present." Paper by title only. "The Hepaticae of Isle Royale." This was by ill fate addressed to the writer, Care Sullivant Moss Society, New York Botanical Gardens, the Bronx, New York. No wonder it took some time to arrive at its Brooklyn destination. We were all sorry not to enjoy its perusal, but this with the other papers will be published in future numbers of *THE BRYOLOGIST*. This concluded the program part of the day. We then took our way to a restaurant not far distant. Mr. Morris entertained us at luncheon, a long table having been prepared for us, and a jolly hour was passed in ministering not only to the inner man, but in pleasant converse. The rain still holding off, we returned by way of the Botanic Garden, Dr. C. Stuart Gager, its Director, Mr. Norman Taylor, the Curator of Plants, and Dr. Edgar W. Olive, Curator of Public Instruction, acting as our guides. We effected an entrance to the buildings under construction, this being Saturday afternoon and the workmen gone. We obtained a very good idea of the rooms and general arrangements for work in the Laboratory building, which is of re-enforced concrete, and seems to embody the very latest word on the subject. The first glass house adjoins, and together these will give opportunity for the starting of laboratory work in the fall.

The Botanic Garden was a revelation to those of us who had not been over the ground since it was a part of the dumping grounds of Brooklyn. The present site of the Lake used to be a local skating-pond in winter, and mosquito-breeding place in summer. It may also be of interest to friends of our late member, Mrs. Carolyn W. Harris, to know that part of the property was owned by her husband and herself and only sold shortly prior to their death.

On returning to the Museum Building, Mr. E. L. Morris, Curator of the Natural History collections, took us in charge and showed us the Herbarium and its treasures. The afternoon closed by a walk through some of the general rooms of the Museum, including, through courtesy of Mr. Fox, the room displaying the new collection of Japanese costumes. This had, on the Wednesday preceding, its first private view, tendered to the Japan Society of New York. We felt much honored to have this attention. The day closed with inspection of an exhibit of photographs of botanists, not only those of general interest, but of some of our absent Society members as well—also prints of interest. The wonderful drawings of New England Hepaticae by Miss Lorenz must not be forgotten. This precious book was entrusted to the care of Dr. Evans, and we were all charmed with the artistic work, as well as by its scientific worth. It contains all the species now credited to the range, New England.

It was a great pleasure to have Mrs. Elizabeth G. Britton and Dr. M. A. Howe with us, giving us chance to entertain our former hosts of the New York Botanical Garden on the occasion of our second meeting, June 27, 1900. Mrs. Britton, it should be remembered, originated these public meetings with the one at Columbus, Ohio, August, 1899, the year after our organization.

Prof. J. Franklin Collins was in town on business, but took an hour and joined us for part of the afternoon. Altogether the day was one of real enjoyment and profit. The entire staff of the Garden and the Museum have placed us under their debt,—all we can do is to thank them most heartily.

May 27th, 1913.

ANNIE MORRILL SMITH.

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### EDITORIAL

The September number of THE BRYOLOGIST will probably be issued somewhat late. The Editor and his wife will spend the summer botanizing in the region northwest of Lake Superior. Mail for THE BRYOLOGIST will be forwarded from the Pittsburgh address.

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### EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT

Offerings—To Members Only, for Stamped and Self-addressed Envelope.

Mrs. Annie Morrill Smith, 78 Orange St., Brooklyn, N. Y.—*Dicranoweisia cirrhata* Lindb., collected near New Westminster, British Columbia, and *Collema nigrescens* (Huds.) Ach., collected in California.

Rev. H. Dupret, Seminary of Philosophy, Montreal, Canada.—*Hypnum stellatum* Schreb., sterile; *Hypnum ochraceum* Turn., sterile; and *Hypnum reptile* Michx., *cfr.* "U. S. postage accepted."

Dr. H. E. Hasse, Santa Monica, Cal.—*Rinodina angelica* Stizenb. and *Lecania brunonis* (Tuck.) Herre, both from California. Enclose four cents in stamps for these specimens.

Mr. E. B. Chamberlain, Round Pond, Maine—*Bryum Bohnhofii* C. Mull. *st.*, collected by Max Fleischer in Ceylon.

Mr. George B. Kaiser, 508 Locust Ave., Germantown, Pa.—*Brachythecium caespitosum* Dixon = *Scleropodium caespitosum* (Wils.) B. & S. Collected in England by W. E. Nicholson.

Mr. George L. Kirk, 18 E. Washington St., Rutland, Vt.—*Candelaria concolor* (Dicks.) Wainio var. *effusa* (Tuck.).